

January 2002

Election Law News

A Publication of the WRF Election Law Practice Group



FEC, IRS, & Lobbying Disclosure Filing Dates for 2002

The year 2002 is an election year for Federal Election Commission ("FEC" or "Commission") and Internal Revenue Service ("IRS") purposes. An outline of PAC filing dates with the Commission and with the IRS follows below. For up-to-date information on filing dates for 2002, please visit our Election Law Practice area at www.wrf.com.

FEC Filings

All Filers

All filers with the FEC must file a 2001 Year-End Report by January 31, 2002.

Remember, all political committees and other persons whose total contributions or total expenditures within a calendar year exceed, or are expected to exceed, \$50,000 must file their reports of campaign finance activity electronically.

Monthly Filers

For monthly filers with the FEC, reports must be filed with the Commission according to the schedule that follows below. Please note that the Pre-General Report covers activity from October 1, 2002 until 20 days before the general election, or October 16, 2002. The Post-General Report covers activity from October 17, 2002 until 20 days after the general election, or November 25, 2002.

Monthly FEC Filing Dates

January 31, 20022001 Year End Report
February 20, 2002 February Report
March 20, 2002 March Report
April 20, 2002 April Report
May 20, 2002
June 20, 2002June Report
July 20, 2002 July Report
August 20, 2002
September 20, 2002 September Report
October 20, 2002 October Report
October 24, 2002* Pre-General Report
December 5, 2002 Post-General Report

^{*} This report is due 15 days before the general election, or October 21, 2002, if the organization is posting its report by certified or registered mail.

Quarterly Filers

Quarterly filers with the FEC should seriously consider changing to the monthly filing option in order to eliminate confusion over when reports are due—especially with primary elections. Nevertheless, quarterly filers must file their reports with the Commission according to the schedule that follows below. Please note that the Pre-General Report covers activity from October 1, 2002 until 20 days before the general election, or October 16, 2002. The Post-General Report covers activity from October 17, 2002 until 20 days after the general election, or November 25, 2002.

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The Election Law Practice Group

We counsel clients on a number of federal statutes, including the Federal Election Campaign Act, the Ethics in Government Act, the Lobbying Disclosure Act, the Foreign Corrupt Practices Act, the Internal Revenue Code, and MSRB Rule G-37, as well as analogous state law and Congressional rules. These laws and rules pertain to political contributions, the operation of political action committees, the use of corporate facilities for political purposes, and the activities of foreign nationals and overseas corporations in Washington, DC. Our litigation and First Amendment experience is second to none.

For more information, contact any member of the Election Law Group at 202.719.7000 or visit our Web site at www.wrf.com.

FEC, IRS, & Lobbying Disclosure Filing Dates for 2002

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Quarterly FEC Filing Dates

- * Note: a PAC that is a quarterly filer must file a Pre-Primary report only if it has made previously undisclosed contributions or expenditures in connection with a primary election. The report covers activity from the close of books for the last report up to 20 days before the primary election. Primary dates vary from state to state, so a PAC may have to file multiple Pre-Primary reports. Importantly, this report is due 15 days before an election if the organization is posting its report by certified or registered mail. A list of current primary dates for 2002 can be found at www.fec.gov/pages/chron02.htm.
- ** This report is due 15 days before the general election, or October 21, 2002, if the organization is posting its report by certified or registered mail.

IRS Filings

For political, tax-exempt organizations organized under Section 527 of the Internal Revenue Code, 2002 marks the first year for which many calendar-year tax filers will have to file Form 990 and the 1120-POL tax return with the Internal Revenue Service. Political organizations not required to report to the FEC may have to file periodic reports with the IRS on Form 8872 as well. A description of the reports and returns mandated by the IRS follows below.

1120-POL: Annual Tax Return

Any political organization with taxable income (e.g. income from trade or business) in excess of \$100 is required to file an annual income tax return on Form 1120-POL by March 15, 2002 for calendar-year taxpayers. Additionally, for the first time all political organizations having \$25,000 or more in gross receipts for the taxable year are required to file Form 1120-POL.

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Form 990: Annual Informational Return

Organizations required to file 1120-POL also must file Form 990, except that organizations which have gross receipts of less than \$25,000 are not required to file any version of Form 990. Committees must file Form 990 by May 15, 2002 for calendar-year taxpayers. If an organization has gross receipts of less than \$100,000 and assets of less than \$250,000, it may file Form 990-EZ. It should be noted that much of Form 990 is subject to public disclosure, including salaries of certain PAC officers or directors.

Form 8872: Political Organization Report of Contributions and Expenditures

The statute also requires § 527 political organizations to file periodic reports with the IRS. There are three exemptions from this filing requirement:

- ◆ Organizations exempted from the requirement to file a Form 8871, which is a notice of 527 status and which covers:
 - (i) Persons required to file with the FEC under the Federal Election Campaign Act, as amended
 - (ii) Organizations that reasonably anticipate that their annual gross receipts will always be less than \$25,000
 - (iii) Section 501(c) organizations subject to tax because they made "exempt function" expenditures
- ◆ Political committees of a state or local candidate
- ◆ State and local committees of political parties

All other 527 organizations must file the periodic reports, monthly or quarterly/semiannually, beginning with the first month or quarter in which they accept contributions or make expenditures. These reports are publicly available on the IRS web site.

The reports must contain the name, address (and occupation and employer if an individual), and amount contributed of any person who contributes more than \$200 in a calendar year. It also must contain the same information for any person to whom expenditures are made that aggregate \$500 or more during a calendar year. An organization, however, is not required to report independent expenditures.

Monthly Filers

For monthly filers with the IRS, Forms 8872 must be filed according to the schedule that follows below. Please note that the Pre-General Report covers activity from October 1, 2002 until 20 days before the general election, or October 16, 2002. The Post-General Report covers activity from October 17, 2002 until 20 days after the general election, or November 25, 2002.

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FEC, IRS, & Lobbying Disclosure Filing Dates for 2002

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Monthly IRS Filing Dates

January 31, 2002 January Report (covering last December)
February 20, 2002 February Report
March 20, 2002 March Report
April 20, 2002 April Report
May 20, 2002May Report
June 20, 2002June Report
July 20, 2002 July Report
August 20, 2002
September 20, 2002 September Report
October 20, 2002 October Report
October 24, 2002* Pre-General Report
December 5, 2002 Post-General Report

* Importantly, this report is due 15 days before the general election, or October 21, 2002, if the organization is posting its report by certified or registered mail.

Quarterly Filers

Quarterly filers with the IRS must file their reports with the Commission according to the schedule that follows below. Please note that the Pre-General Report covers activity from October 1, 2002 until 20 days before the general election, or

October 16, 2002. The Post-General Report covers activity from October 17, 2002 until 20 days after the general election, or November 25, 2002.

Quarterly IRS Filing Dates

- * Note: a political organization that is a quarterly filer must file a Pre-Primary report only if it has made previously undisclosed contributions or expenditures in connection with a primary election. The report covers activity from the close of books for the last report up to 20 days before the primary election. Primary dates vary from state to state, so a political organization may have to file multiple Pre-Election reports. This report is due 15 days before an election if the organization is posting its report by certified or registered mail. A list of current primary dates for 2002 can be found at www.fec.gov/pages/chron02.htm.
- ** This report is due 15 days before the general election, or October 21, 2002, if the organization is posting its report by certified or registered mail.

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Upcoming FEC Conferences

- Regional Conference for Corporate/Labor/ Member/Trade PACs, Candidates and Parties Grand Hyatt, San Francisco, CA February 5-7, 2002
- ◆ Conference for Candidates and Party Committees Loews L'Enfant Plaza, Washington, DC March 25-26, 2002
- ◆ Conference for Corporations and their PACs Loews L'Enfant Plaza, Washington, DC April 22-24, 2002

- ◆ Conference for Trade Associations and their PACs Loews L'Enfant Plaza, Washington, DC May 22-24, 2002
- ◆ Conference for Membership and Labor Organizations and their PACs Loews L'Enfant Plaza, Washington, DC June 26-28, 2002

FEC, IRS, & Lobbying Disclosure Filing Dates for 2002

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Lobbying Disclosure Act Filings

Every lobbyist registered with the Secretary of the Senate and the Clerk of the House must file semi-annual Lobbying Disclosure Act reports on February 14, 2002 covering the period of July 1 through December 31, 2001, and on August 14, 2002 covering the period between January 1, 2002 and June 31, 2002. Remember that for reporting purposes, you must stick with the selection made on the mid-year 2001 report regarding the reporting of expenses. Thus, if you chose to report using the Lobbying Disclosure Act reporting method, you must use that method on the year-end report. Alternatively, if you chose to report using the Internal Revenue Code reporting method, you must use that method on the year-end report.

Save The Date

Wiley Rein & Fielding will co-sponsor another one-day Corporate and Trade Association PAC seminar with Public Affairs Support Services in Washington, DC on March 15, 2002. The luncheon speaker will be the Honorable Scott Thomas, FEC Commissioner. More information to follow.

Bookmark WRF's Election Law Web Site for the following checklists and other useful information:

www.wrf.com/practice/detail.asp?group=13

- **→** Gift Rules Checklist
- Checklist For Travel On Corporate Aircraft by Candidates, Members of Congress, and Staff
- Checklist for Merging and Terminating PACS
- ◆ The "One-Third" Rule
- Coordination Checklist
- Checklist Regarding Foreign
 Nationals and U.S. Subsidiaries
 of Foreign Parent Corporations

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